

Basic VnmrJ Quick Guide

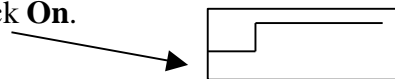
1 Getting Started:

- Log on using your Username and Password.
- Click on the VnmrJ Desktop Icon.
- **Click Eject**, remove sample. Place your sample in spinner, check height. Place on top of magnet. **Click Insert**
- Click **Experiments=>Proton**
- Type **sos** <rtm>. Wait for beep.
- In the bottom Parameter Panel, select the **Start** tab and the **Standard** page.
- Choose your solvent from the **Solvent** drop-down menu.
- Add your text to the **Comment** field.

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Establishing Lock and Shimming:

- Select the **Lock** page and click **Lock Off**.
- Click **Lock Scan** to display lock trace.
- Adjust **Power** and **Gain** slider until you see a lock signal.
- Adjust **Z0** slowly until no 'beat' is visible.
- Click **Lock On**.
- Reduce **Power**: D₂O, acetone=15-20; C₆D₆=10-15; CDCl₃=25-35.
- You can use **findz0** to lock automatically
- Select the **Shim** page.



3 Shimming:

- Tip:** Right or left click the Z shim buttons to adjust shims. Middle mouse click to change the scale (i.e. from ±1 to ±10 to ±100).
- Adjust **Z1** until maximum. Repeat with **Z2**.
 - Readjust **Z1** until maximum. Repeat with **Z2**.
 - Type **nt=1 ga** <rtm>. (Use with ¹H spectra only.)
 - When complete, type **f full aph** <rtm>, expand around solvent peak or suitable well-resolved singlet. Type **vsadj** <rtm>.
 - If not shimmed, adjust **Phase** and readjust appropriate shim (e.g. **Z1** for symmetric broadening or **Z2** for asymmetric peak shape).
 - You can use **gradient autoshim** for auto shimming

4 Acquiring Your Spectrum: Choose appropriate Experiment

- Select the **Acquire** Tab and the **Default** page.
- Choose your spectral window, relaxation delay, and number of scans from the appropriate dropdown menus. **Tip:** If you want accurate integration, increase Relaxation Delay to 10 or more.
- For ¹³C, use **nt=1e6 bs=8**.
- Click on the green **Acquire & Transform** button.
- For ¹³C, after a few data blocks are complete (message: BS # completed), type **wft** to process. When sufficient S/N is obtained, stop with **sa('bs')**.
- When complete, type **f full aph vsadj** <rtm>.

Manual Phasing (Optional):

- If autophasing did not work, type **lp=0 rp=0** <rtm>.
- Click on **Phasing** button to the right of the spectrum. Using the **left** mouse button, click and hold on the **rightmost** peak. Drag the mouse up or down to phase that peak.
- Using the **right** mouse button, click and hold on the **leftmost** peak. Drag the mouse up or down to phase.

5 Referencing Your Spectrum:

- Type **d scale** <rtm> and locate your solvent peak (use the reference chart below or one near the instrument).
- Click on the **Magnifying Glass** icon to the right of the spectrum.
Note: It does **not** have the + symbol next to it.
- Click the **Cursor** icon and place red cursor line on top of solvent peak.
- Type **nl rl(<your solvent ppm>p)** <rtm>. For example, for CDCl₃ you would type **nl rl(7.24p)** <rtm>.

Common Deuterated Solvents:

CDCl ₃	7.24p(¹ H) 77p(¹³ C)	D ₂ O	4.63p(¹ H)
Acetone-d ₆	2.04p(¹ H) 29.8p(¹³ C)	CD ₃ OD	3.30p(¹ H) 49.0p(¹³ C)
Benzene-d ₆	7.15p(¹ H) 128.0p(¹³ C)	CD ₂ Cl ₂	5.32p(¹ H) 53.8p(¹³ C)
DMSO-d ₆	2.49p(¹ H) 39.5p(¹³ C)	DMF-d ₇	2.91p(¹ H) 35.2p(¹³ C)
CD ₃ CN	1.93p(¹ H) 1.3p(¹³ C)		2.74p(¹ H) 30.1p(¹³ C)

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6 Integrating Your Spectrum (Not for ¹³C NMR):

- Click the **Full Spectrum** icon and click the **Integral** icon.
- Type *cdc dc cz* <rtm>.
- Expand around first desired integral region.
- Click **Resets** icon (it has scissors).
- Use a **left** mouse click for each integral reset point. If you make a mistake, use the **right** mouse button to undo last reset point. To restart, type *cz* <rtm>.
- Click the **Hand** icon and drag the spectrum to next region, click **Resets** icon, left click your reset points, repeat for every region.
- When complete, click **Full Spectrum** icon.

9 Plotting Your Spectrum:

- Typical example, *pl pscale ppf pir pltext page* <rtm>.
- Type *ds* <rtm>, expand desired plot regions, and repeat plot command.

Common Plotting Commands:

<i>pl</i>	plot spectrum
<i>pscale</i>	plot scale
<i>pir</i>	plot integral regions
<i>ppf</i>	plot peak frequencies
<i>pll</i>	plot line list with freqs in Hertz
<i>pltext</i>	plot text
<i>pltext(150,150)</i>	plot text in top right (<i>use with pll</i>)
<i>pap</i>	plot all parameters
<i>page</i>	send plot to printer

7 Referencing Your Integrals:

- Expand around Integral to be referenced.
- Place cursor on an integral region. The red vertical cursor must be on an integral trace.
- Select **Process** Tab, input integral value in Integral area field, and click **Set Integral Value** button.
- Type *ds f dpir* <rtm> to display your integrals.

7a Saving Your Data:

- Type *svf* <rtm>.
- Type your filename with no spaces.

10 Logging Off of a Session:

- **Click eject** to eject sample.
- Place standard in spinner. Gauge properly. Place on top of magnet.
- **Click Insert.**
- **Type exit** <rtm>.
- Click the **System** button on screen top, click **Log out...** and **Log Out....**

For questions/Comments contact
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8 Peak Picking:

- Click **Full Spectrum** icon. Click **Threshold** icon and place yellow threshold line below top of smallest desired peak.
- Type *dpf* <rtm>. If too many peaks, click **Threshold** icon and move threshold up. Type *dpf* <rtm> to recheck.

Icon Guide:



Full Spectrum



Magnifying Glass (Zoom)



Hand Icon (Pan & Scan)



Integral Resets



Cursor



Phasing



Threshold



Display Scale

VNMRJ Acquisition Commands

VNMR Basic Commands

<i>Command</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Typed Example</i>
nt	number of transients: Sets the number of transients (scans) to be acquired. You should always select a multiple of 4 (e.g. 4, 8, 128). The larger the number of scans, the better the signal to noise.	<i>nt=16</i> : default setting for 1H,CDC13
bs	block size: Directs the acquisition computer, as data are acquired, to periodically store a block of data on the disk.	<i>bs=8</i> : sets the block size to 8 scans.
ga	submit experiment to acquisition and FT the result: Performs the experiment described by the current acquisition parameters and Fourier transforms (<i>wft</i>) the result.	<i>ga</i>
wft	weight and Fourier transform 1D data: Performs a Fourier transform on one or more 1D FIDs with weighting applied to the FID.	<i>wft</i> : used if you stop the acquisition prior to completion or when loading a saved FID.
aph	automatic phase of rp and lp: Automatically calculates the phase parameters lp and rp required to produce an absorption mode spectrum and applies them to the current spectrum.	<i>aph</i> usually gives well phased spectra
f, full	full: Sets the horizontal and vertical control parameters to produce a display on the entire screen.	<i>f</i> or <i>full</i>
vsadj	Automatic vertical adjustment: Automatically sets the vertical scale, vs, in the absolute intensity mode so that the largest peak is at the requested height.	<i>Vsadj</i> : resets the vertical scale to fit on the screen
dscale	Display scale below spectrum or FID.	<i>dscale</i>
aa	abort acquisition: immediately aborts the acquisition.	<i>aa</i>
sa	stop acquisition: stops acquisition after acquiring current transient.	<i>sa</i>
su	submit a setup experiment to acquisition: Sets up the system hardware to match the current parameters but does not initiate data acquisition.	<i>su</i>
svf	Save FIDs in current experiment: Saves parameters, text, and FID data in the current experiment to a file.	<i>svf('H1_070703')</i> : saves the FID as a file named H1_070703